

Unaudited Quarterly Accounts of the National Asset Management Agency and its Group Entities

For the quarter ended 30 June 2011

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Board and other information

Board

Frank Daly (Chairman) Michael Connolly Eilish Finan Brian McEnery Steven Seelig Willie Soffe Peter Stewart Brendan McDonagh, Chief Executive NAMA John Corrigan, Chief Executive NTMA

Registered Office

Treasury Building Grand Canal Street Dublin 2

Bankers

Central Bank of Ireland Dame Street Dublin 2

Citibank IFSC Dublin 1

Auditor

Comptroller & Auditor General Dublin Castle Dublin 2

General information

The National Asset Management Agency ('NAMA') was established by the Minister for Finance in November 2009. NAMA is a separate statutory body, with its own Board and Chief Executive, and operates in accordance with the NAMA Act 2009.

The main purpose of NAMA is to acquire assets in the form of property related loans from five credit institutions which have been designated by the Minister for Finance as Participating Institutions under Section 67 of the Act. The five Participating Institutions are: Allied Irish Banks, p.I.c. (AIB), Anglo Irish Bank Corporation Limited (Anglo), Bank of Ireland (BOI), EBS Building Society (EBS) and Irish Nationwide Building Society (INBS).

Group structure

In accordance with the Act and to achieve its objectives, the Agency has set up certain special purpose vehicles ('SPV'). These are known as 'NAMA Group Entities'. The relationship between the NAMA Group entities is summarised in Chart 1 on page 4. The SPVs established are as follows;

National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited (NAMAIL)

NAMAIL is the Company through which private investors have invested in the Group. NAMA holds 49% of the shares of the Company. The remaining 51% of the shares of the Company are held by private investors.

NAMA has invested €49m in NAMAIL, receiving 4,900 A ordinary shares. The remaining €51m was invested in NAMAIL by private investors, each receiving an equal share of 5,100 B ordinary shares. Under the terms of a shareholders' agreement between NAMA, the private investors and NAMAIL, NAMA can exercise a veto over decisions taken by NAMAIL. As a result of this veto, the private investors' ability to control the financial and operating policies of the entity is restricted and NAMA has effective control of the Company.

National Asset Management Limited (NAML)

NAML is responsible for issuing the Government guaranteed debt instruments, and the subordinated debt, which are used as consideration in acquiring loan assets from the Participating Institutions. The Government guaranteed debt securities issued by NAML are listed on the Irish Stock Exchange ('ISE'). Both the Government guaranteed debt instruments and the subordinated debt instruments are transferred to National Asset Management Group Services Limited (NAMGS Ltd) and by it to National Asset Loan Management Limited (NALM Ltd). The latter uses these debt instruments as consideration for the loan assets acquired from the Participating Institutions.

NAML has four subsidiaries. These are referred to as the NAML Group or the Group:

National Asset Management Group Services Limited (NAMGS Ltd)

NAMGS Ltd acts as the holding company for its three subsidiaries, National Asset Loan Management Limited, National Asset Property Management Limited and National Asset Management Services Limited.

NAMGS Ltd acquires the debt instruments issued by NAML Ltd under a profit participating loan (PPL) agreement, and in turn, makes these debt instruments available to NALM on similar terms.

NAMGS Ltd is wholly owned by NAML.

National Asset Loan Management Limited (NALM Ltd) The purpose of NALM Ltd is to acquire, hold, and manage the loan assets acquired from the Participating Institutions.

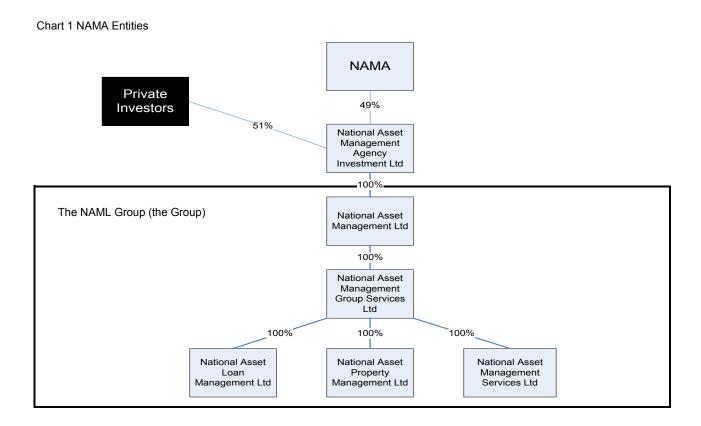
National Asset Property Management Limited (NAPM Ltd)

The purpose of NAPM Ltd is to take direct ownership of real property assets if and when required. No property is held by the Group at present.

National Asset Management Services Limited (NAMS Ltd)

NAMS Ltd is responsible for tax administration and for operating the bank accounts of the Group. It also acts as the central invoice processor.

The address of the registered office of each company is The Treasury Building, Grand Canal Street, Dublin 2. Each Company is incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Ireland.



National Treasury Management Agency (NTMA)

The NTMA provides NAMA with business and support services, and will assign staff to NAMA as deemed necessary. NAMA reimburses the NTMA for the costs of staff and services provided.

Quarterly financial information

In accordance with Section 55 of the Act, NAMA is required, every three months to report to the Minister on its activities and the activities of each NAMA Group Entity, referred to in the Act as the 'quarterly report'. Section 55 of the Act sets out certain financial and other information to be provided in each quarterly report.

The financial information for all entities is presented showing items of income and expenditure for the quarter from 1 April 2011 to 30 June 2011 and also the cumulative results to date from 1 January 2011 to 30 June 2011.

The balance sheets are presented as at 30 June 2011 and 31 March 2011. The cash flow statements are presented for all cash movements for the quarter from 1 April 2011 to 30 June 2011 and also the cumulative cash movements to date from 1 January 2011 to 30 June 2011.

The financial information provided in this report includes details of all NAMA Group Entities and includes accounts for:

- 1. The National Asset Management Agency (non- consolidated)
- 2. National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited (non- consolidated)
- 3. Consolidated accounts of National Asset Management Limited

The National Asset Management Agency (the Agency)

The Agency (non- consolidated) made a loss for the quarter of €0.3m (quarter 1: €0.3m).

The Agency incurs all administrative costs on behalf of the NAML Group for personnel and services such as Finance, ICT, HR and Risk, which are charged to it by the NTMA. These costs are reimbursed to the Agency by the NAML Group. The total charge to the Agency by the NTMA in the quarter was $\in 6.0m$ (quarter 1: $\notin 5.8m$), of which $\notin 4.7m$ related to salary costs (quarter 1: $\notin 4.8m$). Board and Advisory Committee fees of the Group are incurred directly by the Agency and are not reimbursed by the NAML Group. Board fees for the quarter were $\notin 0.129m$ (quarter 1: $\notin 0.165m$).

NAMA has a €49m investment in NAMAIL, representing a 49% ownership in NAMAIL and the NAML Group. The Agency initially funded this investment with a loan of €49m from the Exchequer. The loan together with accrued interest was repaid to the Exchequer on 25 February 2011. On the same day, NAMS Ltd provided a loan of €52m to the Agency at an interest rate set at six month Euribor.

National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited (NAMAIL)

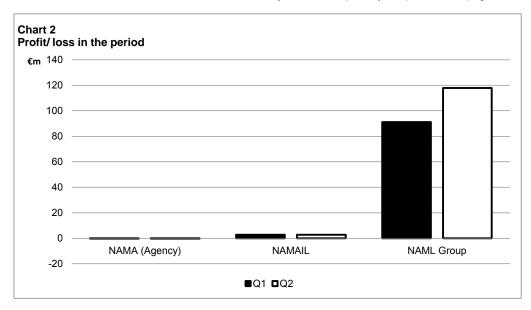
NAMAIL made a profit after tax of \in 2.8m in the quarter (quarter 1: \in 2.7m). The Company provided an inter company loan of \in 99.9m to the NAML Group on 1 April 2010. The interest rate on the loan for the quarter was 12.5%.

The Company paid a dividend of €0.09987 per share amounting to €5.094m on 31 March 2011, from profits from the quarter and its retained earnings.

Consolidated accounts of National Asset Management Limited (NAML Group)

The NAML Group made an operating profit of €118.6m in the quarter (quarter 1: €91.1m). The operating profit is primarily generated by NALM Ltd as the entity that acquires the loans and associated derivatives.

Further details of the income statements and balance sheets by NAMA Group Entity are provided on pages 31-34.



Unaudited Quarterly Accounts of the National Asset Management Agency

For the quarter ended 30 June 2011

Income statement

	Note	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011
		€'000	€'000
Income			
Interest income		6	8
Other income	3	6,178	12,237
Total income		6,184	12,245
Expenses			
Agency costs	4	(6,307)	(12,531)
Interest expense	5	(181)	(344)
Net expense for period		(304)	(630)

Balance Sheet

		30 Jun 2011	31 Mar 2011
	Note	€'000	€'000
Assets			
Investments	6	49,000	49,000
Cash		2,090	2,316
Other receivables	7	5,122	6,061
Fixed assets	8	777	825
Total assets		56,989	58,202
Liabilities			
Interest bearing loans	9	52,251	52,070
Other liabilities	10	5,803	6,893
Total liabilities		58,054	58,963
Net liabilities		1,065	761

The accompanying notes 1 to 10 form an integral part of these accounts.

Notes to the accounts

1. General information

The National Asset Management Agency owns 49% of the NAMA group entity National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited. The remaining 51% of the shares are held by institutional investors.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The Agency's accounts for the guarter to 30 June 2011 have been prepared in accordance with its accounting policies. The accounts are for the Agency only, and they have been prepared on a non-consolidated basis.

The accounts have been prepared on an accruals basis under the historical cost convention.

The accounts are presented in euro (or €), which is the Agency's functional and presentational currency. The figures shown in the accounts are stated in thousands.

3 Other income	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
Costs reimbursed from NAML Group	6,178	12,237
4 Agency costs	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011
	€'000	€'000
Costs reimbursable to the NTMA	5,949	11,783
NAMA Board and Advisory Committee Fees	129	294
Rent expense	229	454
	6,307	12,531

Under Section 42 (4) of the National Asset Management Agency Act, 2009, the Agency shall reimburse the NTMA for the costs incurred by the NTMA as a consequence of its assignment of staff to the NAMA Group Entities.

NAMA Board and Advisory Committee fees are paid to Board members other than Brendan McDonagh (Chief Executive) and John Corrigan (NTMA Chief Executive), who serve as ex officio members of the Board and receive no payment for this role.

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5 Interest expense	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011
	€'000	€'000
Interest paid on advances from the Central Fund	-	93
Interest paid on inter-group loan	181	251
	181	344

On 26 March 2010 the Central Fund provided a loan of €49m to the Agency. The loan and all accrued interest was repaid to the Central Fund on 25 February 2011. Interest on the inter-group loan is charged at the six month Euribor rate.

Notes to the accounts

6 Investments	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
49,000,000 ordianry A shares in National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited	49,000	49,000
7 Other receivables	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Costs reimbursable from NAML	5,122	6,061
8 Fixed assets	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Lease fit out costs	777	825

The fixed assets relates to lease fit out costs incurred in the year to date.

9 Interest bearing loans	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Inter-group loan	52,000	52,000
Interest payable on inter-group loan	251	70
	52,251	52,070

€49m was advanced by the Exchequer to the Agency on 29 March 2010 to fund its investment in NAMA IL. The loan of €49m plus accrued interest of €0.473m was repaid to the Exchequer on 25 February 2011. On the same day €52m was advanced from NAMS Ltd to the Agency.

10 Other liabilities	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Costs payable to the NTMA	5,026	6,068
Costs payable to NAML	777	825
	5,803	6,893

Unaudited Quarterly Accounts for National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited

For the quarter ended 30 June 2011

Income Statement

	Note	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
Interest income Interest expense Net interest income Administration expenses	3	3,156 	6,278 6,278
Operating profit before tax and dividend Tax expense Profit before dividend payment	4	3,156 (395) 2,761	6,278 (784) 5,494
Dividend paid	5	-	(5,094)
Profit for the period		2,761	400

The accompanying notes 1 to 9 form an integral part of these accounts.

National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited

Balance Sheet

Balance Sneet		30 Jun 2011	31 Mar 2011
	Note	€'000	€'000
Assets			
Investment in subsidiary	6	-	-
Loans receivable from group entities	7	109,180	106,024
Total assets		109,180	106,024
Liabilities			
Amounts due to group entities	8	5,524	5,334
Current tax liability		630	425
Total liabilities		6,154	5,759
Equity			
Share capital	9	10,000	10,000
Share premium	9	90,000	90,000
Retained earnings		3,026	265
Total equity and liabilities		109,180	106,024

The accompanying notes 1 to 9 form an integral part of these accounts.

1 General Information

National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited was established on 27 January 2010 to facilitate the participation of private investors in NAMA. It is the ultimate parent company for the NAMA group entities. On 29 March 2010, NAMA and private investors subscribed a total of €100 million for A and B shares in the Company.

The Agency owns 49% of the Company and the remaining 51% of the shares in the Company are held by private investors.

The Agency may exercise a veto power in respect of decisions of the Company relating to the interests or objectives of NAMA or the State or any action which may adversely affect the financial interests of NAMA or the State.

The address of the registered office of the Company is Treasury Building, Grand Canal Street, Dublin 2. The Company is incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Ireland.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The Company's accounts for the period to 30 June 2011 have been prepared in accordance with its accounting policies.

The accounts are for the Company only, and they have been prepared on a non-consolidated basis.

2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in euro (or \in), which is the Company's functional and presentational currency. The figures shown in the financial statements are stated in \in thousands.

2.3 Financial assets

Loans and receivables are initially recognised at fair value. Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

Loans and receivables are subsequently held at amortised cost.

2.4 Financial liabilities

The Company carries all financial liabilities at amortised cost.

2.5 De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from these assets have ceased to exist or the assets have been transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets have also been transferred. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they have been redeemed or otherwise extinguished.

2.6 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Income tax payable on profits, based on the applicable tax law in each jurisdiction, is recognised as an expense in the period in which the profits arise.

The tax effects of current income tax losses available for carry forward are recognised as an asset when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these losses are utilised.

The Group does not offset current income tax liabilities and current income tax assets.

2.7 Share capital

(a) Dividends on ordinary shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders.

3 Interest income	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011
	€'000	€'000
Interest income earned on inter-group loan	3,156	6,278

On 1 April 2010, the Company provided a loan of €99.9m to National Asset Management Limited. From 1 January 2011 the interest rate on the loan was set at 12.5% for the year.

4 Tax expense	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011
	€'000	€'000
Profit before tax	3,156	6,278
Tax at 12.5%	395	784
5 Dividend declared and paid	For the period	For the period from
	from 1 Apr 2011 to	1 Jan 2011 to 30
	30 Jun 2011	Jun 2011
	€'000	€'000
Dividend paid	<u> </u>	5,094

On 31 March 2011 the Board declared and approved a dividend payment of €0.09987 per share, amounting to €5.094m. The amount of dividend per share was based on the ten year Irish government bond yield as at on 31 March 2011. The dividend was paid to the holders of B ordinary shares only, the private investors, who have an ownership of 51% in the Company. No dividend was paid to the A ordinary shareholders (NAMA the Agency, who has a 49% ownership in the Company).

6 Investment in subsidiary

NAMAIL holds 100 €1.00 ordinary shares in NAML representing 100% of the issued share capital of NAML.

7 Loans receivable from group entities	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Loan receivable from NAML Accrued interest on inter-group loan	99,900 9,280	99,900 6,124
	109,180	106,024

NAMAIL issued a loan of €99.9m to NAML at an interest rate to be reviewed annually. This rate was set at 12.5% for 2011.

National Asset Management Agency Investment Limited Notes to the Accounts

8 Amounts due to group entities	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Loan receivable from NAMS Ltd	(100)	(100)
Loan due to NAMS Ltd	5,624	5,434
	5,524	5,334

The loan due to NAMS Ltd primarily relates to the dividend payment of €5.094m made by NAMS Ltd on behalf of NAMAIL. The balance relates to preliminary tax paid by NAMS Ltd in 2010 on behalf of NAMAIL.

9 Share capital and share premium	Number	€'000
At 30 June 2011		
Authorised:		
A Ordinary shares of € 0.10 each	49,000,000	4,900
B Ordinary shares of € 0.10 each	51,000,000	5,100
Issued and fully paid during the period:		
A Ordinary shares of € 0.10 each	49,000,000	4,900
B Ordinary shares of € 0.10 each	51,000,000	5,100
Share premium A Ordinary Shares		44,100
Share premium B Ordinary Shares		45,900
	100,000,000	100,000

A Ordinary shares are held by NAMA. B Ordinary shares are held by private investors.

Unaudited Consolidated Quarterly Accounts of National Asset Management Limited

For the quarter ended 30 June 2011

Consolidated Income Statement

	Note	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
Interest and similar income	3	278,253	583,474
Interest and similar expenses	4	(126,348)	(247,834)
Net interest income		151,905	335,640
Gains / (losses) on derivative financial instruments	5	(2,981)	(24,317)
Total operating income		148,924	311,323
Administration expenses	6	(31,021)	(57,840)
Foreign exchange (losses)	7	(185)	(44,632)
Operating profit before income tax		117,718	208,851
Tax expense		-	
Profit for the period		117,718	208,851

The accompanying notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these accounts.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

		30 Jun 2011	31 Mar 2011
	Note	€'000	€'000
Assets			
Cash	8	1,022,820	834,231
Financial assets available for sale	9	181,889	49,600
Receivable from Participating Institutions	10	253,627	252,097
Derivative financial instruments	13	824,175	825,763
Loans and receivables	11	27,375,729	27,984,903
Other assets	12	78,717	70,604
Total assets		29,736,957	30,017,198
Liabilities			
Payable to Participating Institutions	10	78,311	126,438
Derivative financial instruments	13	60,414	83,137
Debt securities in issue	14	28,391,000	28,743,000
Other liabilities	15	470,780	334,632
Total liabilities		29,000,505	29,287,207
Equity			
Share capital	17	-	-
Other equity instrument	18	1,536,000	1,525,000
Retained earnings		(973,329)	(1,091,047)
Other reserves	16	173,781	296,038
Total equity and liabilities		29,736,957	30,017,198

The accompanying notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these accounts.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the period ended 30 June 2011

	Period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 June 2011 €'000	Period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 June 2011 €'000
Cash flow from operating activities		
Receipts from borrowers	873,999	1,403,384
Advances to borrowers	(75,255)	(164,919)
NAMA derivative cashflows	51,332	109,306
Payments to suppliers of services	(17,465)	(40,948)
Interest expense on debt securities in issue	(1,626)	(123,870)
Bank interest received	2,138	2,483
Dividends paid	(5,094)	(5,094)
Net cash generated from operating activities	828,029	1,180,342
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Cash flow from financing activities		
Loan issued to NAMA	-	(52,000)
Purchase of investment assets	(134,285)	(185,109)
Redemption of bonds issued	(500,000)	(750,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	(634,285)	(987,109)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	834,231	836,644
Net cash provided by operating activities	828,029	1,180,342
Net cash used in investing activities	-	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(634,285)	(987,109)
Effects of exchange-rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(5,155)	(7,057)
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2011	1,022,820	1,022,820

Notes to the accounts

1 General Information

The Company's immediate parent company is NAMAIL. The Agency owns 49% of the Company and the remaining 51% of the shares in the Company are held by private investors.

The Agency may exercise a veto power in respect of decisions of the Company relating to the interests or objectives of NAMA or the State or any action which may adversely affect the financial interests of NAMA or the State.

The address of its registered office is Treasury Building, Grand Canal Street, Dublin 2.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The Group's consolidated accounts for the period to 30 June 2011 are presented in accordance with its accounting policies.

The consolidated accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for loans and receivables which are carried at amortised cost, and all derivative contracts which have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated accounts are presented in euro (or \in), which is the Group's functional and presentational currency. The figures shown in the consolidated accounts are stated in thousands.

The preparation of these accounts requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Changes in assumptions may have a significant impact on the accounts in the period the assumptions change. Management believes that the underlying assumptions are appropriate and that the Group's accounts therefore present the financial position and results fairly.

2.2 Consolidation

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Accounting policies of the subsidiaries are consistent with the Group's accounting policies.

Inter-group transactions and balances and gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Intergroup losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the asset transferred.

Unless otherwise stated, the Group has a 100% holding in all subsidiaries.

2.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency').

The consolidated financial statements are presented in euro, which is the Group's presentation and functional The figures shown in the financial statements are stated in € thousands.

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions denominated, or that require settlement, in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are translated using the closing rate as at the reporting date. Nonmonetary items measured at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of initial recognition. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation at quarter end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

All foreign exchange gains and losses recognised in the income statement are presented in foreign exchange gains and losses as a separate line item in the consolidated income statement.

Notes to the accounts

2.4 Financial assets – Loans and receivables

The Group classifies its financial assets in to the following categories:

- (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss,
- (b) Loans and receivables,
- (c) Financial assets available for sale

a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This category of assets comprises derivatives other than derivatives that are designated and are effective as hedging instruments. These assets are recognised initially at fair value and transaction costs are taken directly to the consolidated income statement. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included directly in the consolidated income statement. Interest income and expense arising on these assets are included in interest income and interest expense. Fair value gains and losses on these financial assets are included in gains and losses on derivative financial instruments in the consolidated income statement or as part of foreign exchange gains and losses where they relate to currency derivatives.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

The Group has classified the loan assets it acquired from Participating Institutions as loans and receivables.

Loans and receivables are initially recognised at fair value. Loan assets acquired by the Group from Participating Institutions, as provided for in the NAMA Act 2009, are treated as having a fair value at initial recognition equal to the acquisition price paid for the asset taking into account any cash flow movements in the loan balance between the valuation date and transfer date.

Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment using the effective interest rate method.

(c) Available for sale

Available for sale financial assets are those intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates or exchange rates.

Available for sale financial assets are initially recognised at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs. They are subsequently held at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in equity until sale or impairment when the cumulative gain or loss is transferred to the income statement.

2.5 Financial liabilities

The Group carries all financial liabilities at amortised cost, with the exception of derivative financial instruments, which are measured at fair value. Further information on derivative liabilities is included in Note 2.9.

2.6 De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from these assets have ceased to exist or the assets have been transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets have also been transferred. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they have been redeemed or otherwise extinguished.

Notes to the accounts

2.7 Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense for all interest-bearing financial instruments is recognised in interest income and interest expense in the income statement using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method.

The EIR method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the EIR, the Group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses beyond any already recognised in the acquisition price of loans. The calculation includes transaction costs and all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the EIR.

Where loan cash flows cannot be reliably estimated on initial recognition, interest income is recognised on a contractual interest receipts basis until the cash flows can be estimated, at which time interest income will be recognised using the EIR method.

Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the original rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

Fees and commissions which are not an integral part of the EIR are recognised on an accrual basis when the service has been provided.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits.

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivatives, such as interest rate swaps, cross-currency swaps and foreign exchange swaps are used for hedging purposes as part of the Group's risk management strategy. In addition, the Group acquired, at fair value, certain derivatives associated with the loans acquired from the Participating Institutions. The Group does not enter into derivatives for proprietary trading purposes.

The Group's policy is to hedge its foreign currency exposure through the use of currency derivatives. Interest rate risk on debt issued by the Group is hedged using interest rate swaps. Interest rate swaps acquired from the Participating Institutions are hedged by means of equal and opposite interest rate swaps.

Derivatives are accounted for either at fair value through profit or loss or, where they are designated as hedging instruments, as derivatives designated in hedging relationships.

Derivatives at fair value through profit or loss

Derivatives at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into or acquired and are subsequently re-measured at fair value.

The fair value of derivatives is determined using a mark to market valuation technique based on independent valuations obtained using observable market inputs such as Euribor and Libor yield curves, par interest and foreign exchange rates.

The assumptions involved in these valuation techniques include the likelihood and expected timing of future cash flows of the instrument. These cash flows are generally governed by the terms of the instrument, although management judgement is required when the ability of the counterparty to service the instrument in accordance with the contractual terms is in doubt.

Notes to the accounts

All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative.

Fair value gains or losses on these derivatives are recognised in the income statement. However where they are designated as hedging instruments, the treatment of the fair value gains and losses depends on the nature of the hedging relationship.

Gains and losses on currency swaps are recognised in profit or loss as part of foreign exchange gains and losses.

Derivatives designated in hedge relationships

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedges of highly probable future cash flows, attributable to a recognised asset or liability, or a forecasted transaction (cash flow hedges). At the inception of the hedge relationship, the Group documents the relationship between hedged items and hedging instruments, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of hedged items.

Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recognised in and included in the cash flow hedge reserve, which is included in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified to the income statement in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss. Amounts reclassified to profit or loss from equity are included in net interest income.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised in the income statement when the forecast transaction occurs. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately reclassified to the income statement.

2.10 Taxation

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income.

(a) Current income tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Current income tax payable on profits, based on the applicable tax law in each jurisdiction, is recognised as an expense in the period in which the profits arise.

The tax effects of current income tax losses available for carry forward are recognised as an asset when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these losses are utilised.

The Group does not offset income tax assets and liabilities.

(b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the date of the statement of financial position and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised when it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which these temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax related to cash flow hedges is recognised in equity and subsequently in the consolidated income statement together with the deferred gain or loss.

Notes to the accounts

2.11 Provisions for liabilities and charges and contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions

Provisions for legal claims are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated. The Group recognises no provisions for future operating losses.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are not recognised by the Group but are disclosed unless the probability of their occurrence is remote.

Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised by the Group but are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. If the realisation of income becomes virtually certain then the related asset is recognised.

Contingent assets and liabilities are assessed continually to ensure that they are appropriately reflected in the accounts.

2.12 Amounts due to and from Participating Institutions

Amounts due to and from Participating Institutions are classified as follows:

- Due diligence valuation adjustments
- Value to transfer adjustments
- Section 88, Section 93, Section 98 adjustments

Due diligence valuation adjustments

Any adjustments arising on completion of due diligence on assets transferred, are initially recognised in the balance sheet as an adjustment to the carrying value of assets acquired and as amounts due to or from Participating Institutions. Settlement of due diligence adjustments is in the form of cash or through the issuance or redemption of government guaranteed debt securities.

Value to transfer adjustments

Value to transfer adjustments relate to net movements that occurred on borrower exposures between the loan assets valuation date and the date the loans were transferred to the Group. Any amount due to or from a Participating Institution is settled in cash or through the issuance or redemption of government guaranteed debt securities.

Section 88, Section 93 and Section 98 adjustments

Adjustments under Section 88 of the NAMA Act relate to obvious errors or omissions in an acquisition schedule.

Adjustments under Section 93 of the NAMA Act arise where the Group has overpaid for an asset. If a Participating Institution receives from the Group an amount in exchange for loan assets acquired that is more than is due to the Participating Institution under the Act, or receives any other amount from the Group to which it is not entitled, the Participating Institution is obliged to repay the Group any amount of overpayment plus accrued interest as determined by the Group.

Adjustments under Section 98 of the NAMA Act relate to obvious errors in relation to the valuation of assets acquired from Participating Institutions.

Any adjustments under Section 88, 93 or 98, that are unsettled at the reporting date, are recognised as amounts due to or from Participating Institutions until the amounts are settled.

Notes to the accounts

2.13 Debt and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. Instruments which do not carry a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity are classified as equity and are presented in share capital. The coupon payments on these instruments are recognised directly in equity. The subordinated bonds issued by the Group contain a discretionary coupon and have no obligation to deliver cash and are therefore classified as equity instruments.

Senior debt securities, issued by the Group are classified as debt instruments as the securities carry a fixed coupon based on Euribor and the coupon payment is non-discretionary.

Debt securities in issue are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The initial value of the senior bonds issued equates to 95% of the acquisition cost of the loans transferred from each Participating Institution. The initial value of subordinated bonds equates to 5% of the acquisition cost of loans transferred.

2.14 Share capital

(a) Dividends on ordinary shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Dividends for the period that are declared after the date of the consolidated statement of financial position are dealt with in the Events after the Reporting Date note.

(b) Other equity instrument

This comprises the subordinated bonds that meet the definition of an equity instrument. Coupon payments on these instruments are reflected directly in equity when they are declared.

3 Interest and similar income	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
Interest on loans and receivables	255,291	531,526
Interest on derivative financial instruments	19,807	45,934
Interest on cash and balances with banks	2,106	3,949
Interest on financial assets held as available for sale	304	1,225
Fee income	563	589
Interest on inter group loans	182	251
Total interest income	278,253	583,474

All interest income recognised is earned. Interest income on loans and receivables is recognised in accordance with accounting policy 2.7.

Interest income on derivative financial instruments relates to interest received on derivatives acquired from the Participating Institutions.

4 Interest and similar expenses	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
Interest on debt securities in issue	98,691	185,116
Interest on other derivative financial instruments	7,723	16,346
Interest on interest bearing loans and borrowings	3,156	6,278
Interest on derivatives where hedge accounting is applied	16,778	40,094
Total interest expense	126,348	247,834

Notes to the accounts

5 Gains and (losses) on financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
Fair value gain/(loss) on acquired derivatives	15,444	(39,295)
Fair value gain/(loss) on other derivatives	(18,425)	14,978
Total fair value loss on derivatives	(2,981)	(24,317)

Fair value gain on acquired derivatives comprises fair value gain on derivatives acquired from Participating Institutions that were associated with the loans acquired. Fair value loss on other derivatives comprise a fair value loss on interest rate swaps entered into by the Group during the period.

6 Administration expenses	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
Costs reimbursable to NAMA	6,055	11,889
Master and primary servicer fees	16,316	34,444
Legal fees	3,743	4,624
Portfolio management fees	3,794	4,363
Accounting and audit	353	894
Rent & occupancy costs	347	572
Derivative valuation costs	263	444
IT costs	102	385
Financial adviser and consultancy fees	48	225
Total administration expenses	31,021	57,840

7 Foreign exchange gains/ (losses)	For the period from 1 Apr 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
FX (losses) on loans and receivables	(189,199)	(470,147)
Foreign exchange gains on derivative financial instruments	191,737	427,015
Other foreign exchange (losses)	(2,723)	(1,500)
Total foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(185)	(44,632)

Foreign exchange losses on loans and receivables arise on the revaluation of foreign currency denominated loans and receivables from the acquisition date to the reporting date. Foreign currency translation amounts are recognised in accordance with accounting policy 2.3.

Following the transfer of assets from the Participating Institutions, the Group entered into currency transactions to reduce its exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuations arising on foreign currency denominated loans and receivables acquired, as it paid the consideration in Euro. Gains on foreign exchange derivatives are recognised as the fair value movement on currency derivatives since the inception of the derivative. Currency derivatives are explained in more detail in Note 13.

Other foreign exchange gains relate to the translation of foreign denominated cash balances at the reporting date.

Notes to the accounts

8 Cash and cash equivalents	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Balances with Central Bank	949,626	714,150
Balances with other banks	34,415	36,342
Term deposits	38,779	83,739
Total	1,022,820	834,231
9 Financial assets available for sale	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Short term treasury bonds	181,889	49,600

Financial assets available for sale comprise Irish government bonds acquired or liquidity management. These are highly liquid assets that are readily convertible into cash.

10 Receivables and payables from/to Participating	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Receivables from Participating Institutions	253,627	252,097
Payable to Participating Institutions	78,311	126,438
11 Loans and receivables	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Loans and receivables	27,375,729	27,984,903

The loans and receivables balance is stated net of an impairment provision of €1.485bn determined at the 2010 year end. Loan impairments are currently assessed annually, and this provision has not been re-assessed at the quarter end, and hence no change in the provision has been recorded. As at the quarter end due diligence has not been completed on 35% of the loans balance, therefore the carrying value may change when due diligence is completed. Any such change would result in adjustments to loans and receivables and debts securities issued.

12 Other assets	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000	
Receivables from NAMA the Agency	53,028	52,893	
Accrued swap interest receivable	14,054	14,082	
Receivable from NAMA IL	5,625	340	
Interest receivable on available for sale	3,552	767	
Bank interest receivable	2,335	2,368	
VAT receivable	123	154	
Total other assets	78,717	70,604	

Included within receivables from the Agency is a loan for €52m receivable from the Agency. National Asset Management Services Ltd provided this loan to the Agency on 25 February 2011 at an interest rate set at the six month Euribor rate.

Notes to the accounts

13 Financial assets and (liabilities) at fair value	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000
Derivative assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative financial instruments acquired	244,592	225,356
Other derivative financial instruments	4,157	12,189
Foreign currency derivatives	431,326	321,374
Total	680,075	558,919
Derivative financial instruments designated in hedge relationships		
Interest rate swaps	144,100	266,844
Total derivative assets	824,175	825,763
Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Other derivative financial instruments	(53,899)	(43,507)
Foreign currency derivatives	(6,515)	(39,630)
Total derivative liabilities	(60,414)	(83,137)

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value comprises derivative financial assets and liabilities. The Group has entered certain foreign currency swaps and interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk arising from the acquisition of assets and certain interest rate swaps from Participating Institutions.

14 Debt Securities in issue	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
In issue at 1 April 2011	28,743,000
Issued during quarter 2	316,000
Redeemed during quarter 2	(500,000)
Non cash redemption	(168,000)
In issue at 30 June 2011	28,391,000

The Group issued €316m (Q1: €434m) in additional notes in the period. €11m (Q1: €418m) was issued to Participating Institutions in respect of loans acquired during the period and €305m (Q1: €16m) as additional consideration following the completion of due diligence of loans acquired as part of the "bulk transfer" in quarter 4, 2010.

There were non cash redemptions of bonds in the period of \leq 168m (Q1: \leq 91m). These non cash redemptions resulted from a reduction in consideration due to Participating Institutions following the completion of due diligence in respect of loans acquired as part of the "bulk transfer" in quarter 4, 2010.

The Group redeemed \in 500m (Q1: \in 250m) of senior notes for cash during the period bringing the total redemptions for the year to date to \in 750m.

Terms of notes

The above debt securities are all Government Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes, which were issued and transferred to NALM Ltd under a profit participating loan arrangement. The latter company used these securities as consideration (95%) for the loan portfolio acquired from each of the Participating Institutions.

Interest accrues from the issue date of the Notes and is paid semi annually on 1 March and 1 September. The interest rate is 6 month Euribor reset on 1 March and 1 September in each year. To date only euro denominated notes have been issued.

Notes are issued on each acquisition date and all Notes issued prior to 1 March 2011 matured on 1 March 2011. The Notes issued in 2010 permitted the issuer to settle all, or some only, of the Notes at maturity by issuing a new Note on the same terms as the existing Note (other than as to maturity which may be up to 364 days from the date of issue notwithstanding that the existing Note may have had a shorter maturity).

All the Notes that matured on 1 March 2011 were settled by issuing new Notes with a maturity of 1 March 2012.

The Minister for Finance issued a direction to NAMA under Section 14 of the National Asset Management Agency Act, 2009 that the terms and conditions of the Notes issued on 1 March 2011, and of any Notes issued thereafter, should be amended to remove the issuer's option to settle maturing Notes by the issue of new Notes on similar terms unless prior consent is received from the note holder, and to remove the issuer's option to extend the maturity of the Notes. This direction was implemented on 22 June 2011.

15 Other liabilities	30 Jun 2011 €'000	31 Mar 2011 €'000	
Accrued swap interest	(156,164)	(134,025)	
Accrued interest on debt securities in issue	(129,953)	(32,887)	
Provision for due diligence costs	(20,240)	(20,847)	
Accrued expenses	(53,893)	(39,686)	
Professional services withholding tax	(839)	(1,371)	
Other liabilities	(109,691)	(105,816)	
Total other liabilities	(470,780)	(334,632)	

The provision for due diligence costs is for those loans for which due diligence had not been completed by 30 June 2011. Due diligence costs are costs that the Group has incurred upon acquiring the portfolio of loans from the Participating Institutions. The loan valuation model used by the Group to acquire the loans makes an allowance for due diligence costs as a reduction to the acquisition value of the loans. Due diligence costs incurred by the Group are considered to be transaction costs and are included in the acquisition cost of the loans and receivables.

16 Other reserves

Other reserves are analysed as follows:

,	Cashflow hedge reserve €'000	Available for sale reserve €'000	Total €'000
At the beginning of the quarter	297,262	(1,224)	296,038
Net changes in fair value	(122,743)	486	(122,257)
At 30 June 2011	174,519	(738)	173,781

The cash flow hedge reserve comprises the mark to market movement on interest rate swaps that have been designated into hedge relationships. Any fair value gains arising on these derivatives in hedge relationships is accounted for in reserves. The available for sale (AFS) reserve comprises the fair value movement on AFS assets in the quarter (see note 9).

17 Share capital	Number	30 Jun 2011 €
<u>Authorised:</u> Ordinary shares of € 1 each	1,000	1,000
Issued and fully paid during the period: Ordinary shares of € 1 each	100	100

Notes to the accounts

18 Other equity instrument	For the period from 1 Jan 2011 to 30 Jun 2011 €'000
In issue at 1 April 2011	1,525,000
Issued during quarter 2	19,000
Non cash redemption	(8,000)
In issue at 30 June 2011	1,536,000

The Group issued \in 19m (Q1: \in 23m) additional subordinated notes in the period. \in 1m (Q1: \in 22m) was issued to Participating Institutions in respect of loans acquired during the period and \in 18m (Q1: \in 1m) as additional consideration following the completion of due diligence of loans acquired as part of the "bulk transfer" in quarter 4, 2010.

There were non cash redemptions of subordinated notes in the period of \in 8m (Q1: \in 5m). These non cash redemptions resulted from a reduction in consideration due to Participating Institutions following the completion of due diligence in respect of loans acquired as part of the "bulk transfer" in quarter 4, 2010.

Terms of the instrument

The above are Callable Perpetual Subordinated Fixed Rate Bonds that were issued and transferred to NALM Ltd under a profit participating loan arrangement. The latter company used these securities as consideration (5%) for the loan portfolio acquired from each of the Participating Institutions.

The interest rate on the instruments is the 10 year Irish Government rate at the date of first issuance, plus 75 basis points. This rate has been set at a fixed return of 5.264%. Interest is paid annually, however the coupon is declared at the option of the issuer. Coupons not declared in any year will not accumulate. No coupon was declared at the reporting date.

Although the bonds are perpetual in nature, the issuer may "call" (i.e. redeem) the bonds on the first call date (which is 10 years from the date of issuance), and every Interest Payment date thereafter (regardless of whether interest is to be paid or not).

It is the substance of the contractual arrangement of a financial instrument, rather than its legal form, that governs its classification. As the subordinated notes contain no contractual obligation to make any payments (either interest or principal) should the Group not wish to make any payments, the subordinated debt has been classified as equity in the statement of financial position, with any coupon payments classified as dividend payments.

National Asset Management Limited
Unaudited Income Statement by NAMA group entity
For the period from 1 January 2011 to 30 June 2011

	National Asset Loan Management Limited	National Asset Property Management Limited	National Asset Management Services Limited	Management Group Services	National Asset Management Limited	Consolidation Adjustments	Consolidated Total
	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000
Interest and similar income	583,223	-	251	-	-	-	583,474
Interest and similar expenses	(56,440)	-	-	-	(191,394)	-	(247,834)
Net interest income	526,783	-	251	-	(191,394)	-	335,640
Gains/losses on derivative financial instruments	(24,317)	-	-	-	-	-	(24,317)
 Total operating income	502,466	-	251	-	(191,394)	-	311,323
Administration expenses	(57,840)	-	-	-	-	-	(57,840)
Foreign exchange (losses)	(44,632)	-	-	-	-	-	(44,632)
Operating profit before income	399,994	-	251	-	(191,394)	-	208,851
Tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the period	399,994	-	251	-	(191,394)	-	208,851

National Asset Management Limited
Unaudited Income Statement by NAMA group entity
For the period from 1 April 2011 to 30 June 2011

	National Asset Loan Management Limited	National Asset Property Management Limited	National Asset Management Services Limited	Management Group Services	National Asset Management Limited	Consolidation Adjustments	Consolidated Total
	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000
Interest and similar income	278,072	-	181	-	-	-	278,253
Interest and similar expenses	(24,501)	-	-	-	(101,847)	-	(126,348)
Net interest income	253,571	-	181	-	(101,847)	-	151,905
Gains/losses on derivative financial instruments	(2,981)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,981)
Total operating income	250,590	-	181	-	(101,847)	-	148,924
Administration expenses	(31,021)	-	-	-	-	-	(31,021)
Foreign exchange gains / (losses)	(185)	-	-	-	-	-	(185)
Operating profit before income	219,384	-	181	-	(101,847)	-	117,718
Tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the period	219,384	-	181	-	(101,847)	-	117,718

National Asset Management Limited									
Unaudited Balance Sheet by NAMA group entity as at 30 June 2011									
	National Asset Loan Management Limited	National Asset Property Management Limited	National Asset Management Services Limited	National Asset Management Group Services Limited	National Asset Management Limited	Consolidation Adjustments	Consolidated Total		
	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000		
Assets									
Cash	1,022,820	-	-	-	-	-	1,022,820		
Financial assets available for sale	181,889	-	-	-	-	-	181,889		
Receivable from Participating Institutions	253,627	-	-	-	-	-	253,627		
Derivative financial instruments	824,175	-	-	-	-	-	824,175		
Loans and receivables	27,375,729	-	-	-	-	-	27,375,729		
Other assets	4,014,659	-	4,095,248	30,677,000	30,776,900	(69,485,090)	78,717		
Total assets	33,672,899	-	4,095,248	30,677,000	30,776,900	(69,485,090)	29,736,957		
Liabilities									
Amounts due to Participating	(78,311)	-	-	-	-	-	(78,311)		
Derivative financial instruments	(60,414)	-	-	-	-	-	(60,414)		
Debt securities in issue	-	-	-	-	(28,391,000)	-	(28,391,000)		
Other liabilities	(34,040,744)	-	(4,094,997)	(30,677,000)	(1,143,129)	69,485,090	(470,780)		
Total liabilities	(34,179,469)	-	(4,094,997)	(30,677,000)	(29,534,129)	69,485,090	(29,000,505)		
Equity									
Share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Subordinated equity	-	-	-	-	1,536,000	-	1,536,000		
Retained earnings	(680,351)	-	251		(293,229)	-	(973,329)		
Other reserves	173,781	-	-	-	-	-	173,781		
Total equity & liabilities	(33,672,899)	-	(4,095,248)	(30,677,000)	(30,776,900)	69,485,090	(29,736,957)		

National Asset Management Limited										
Unaudited Balance Sheet by NAMA group entity as at 31 March 2011										
	National Asset Loan Management Limited	National Asset Property Ma Management Limited	National Asset nagement Services Limited	National Asset Management Group Services Limited	National Asset Management Limited	Consolidation Adjustments	Consolidated Total			
	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000			
Assets										
Cash	834,231	-	-	-	-	-	834,231			
Financial assets available for	49,600	-	-	-	-	-	49,600			
Receivable from Participating Institutions	252,097	-	-	-	-	-	252,097			
Derivative financial instruments	825,763	-	-	-	-	-	825,763			
Loans and receivables	27,984,903	-	-	-	-	-	27,984,903			
Other assets	2,142,523	-	2,129,506	30,597,000	30,713,900	(65,512,325)	70,604			
Total assets	32,089,117	-	2,129,506	30,597,000	30,713,900	(65,512,325)	30,017,198			
Liabilities										
Amounts due to Participating	(126,438)	-	-	-	-	-	(126,438)			
Derivative financial instruments	(83,137)	-	-	-	-	-	(83,137)			
Debt securities in issue	-	-	-	-	(28,743,000)	-	(28,743,000)			
Other liabilities	(32,483,239)	-	(2,129,436)	(30,597,000)	(637,282)	65,512,325	(334,632)			
Total liabilities	(32,692,814)	-	(2,129,436)	(30,597,000)	(29,380,282)	65,512,325	(29,287,207)			
Equity										
Share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Subordinated equity		-	-	-	1,525,000	-	1,525,000			
Retained earnings	(899,735)	-	70	-	(191,382)	-	(1,091,047)			
Other reserves	296,038	-	-	-		-	296,038			
Total equity & liabilities	(32,089,117)	-	(2,129,506)	(30,597,000)	(30,713,900)	65,512,325	(30,017,198)			